# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
[X] Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 27, 1998

OR
[ ] Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number: 0-21660

PAPA JOHN'S INTERNATIONAL, INC
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

61-1203323
(I.R.S. Employer Identification number)

> 11492 Bluegrass Parkway, Suite 175
> Louisville, Kentucky $40299-2334$
(Address of principal executive offices)
(502) 266-5200
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:


At November 2, 1998, there were outstanding 29,541,529 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value $\$ .01$ per share
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| (In thousands) | September 27, 1998 (Unaudited) | December 28, 1997 (Note) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |
| Current assets: |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 29,663 | \$ 18,692 |
| Accounts receivable | 15,966 | 15,132 |
| Inventories | 9,105 | 9, 091 |
| Deferred pre-opening costs | 2,972 | 3,827 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 2,626 | 2,434 |
| Total current assets | 60,332 | 49,176 |
| Investments | 51,013 | 57,933 |
| Net property and equipment | 157,487 | 112,601 |
| Notes receivable | 12,555 | 15, 080 |
| Other assets | 23,111 | 18,453 |
| Total assets | \$304,498 | \$253, 243 |
| Liabilities and stockholders' equity |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Accounts payable | \$ 20, 278 | \$ 15,148 |
| Accrued expenses | 23, 001 | 15,132 |
| Deferred income taxes | 252 | 102 |
| Total current liabilities | 43,531 | 30,382 |
| Unearned franchise and development fees | 6,479 | 4,613 |
| Deferred income taxes | 3,441 | 3,987 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 1,339 | 1,528 |
| Stockholders' equity: |  |  |
| Preferred stock | - | - |
| Common stock | 295 | 291 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 159,761 | 149,850 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (unrealized gain on investments, net of tax) |  |  |
| Retained earnings | 89,602 | 62,752 |
| Treasury stock | (481) | (481) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 249,708 | 212,733 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$304,498 | \$253, 243 |

Note: The balance sheet at December 28, 1997 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

See accompanying notes.

## Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended

September 27, 1998 September 28, 1997 September 27, 1998 September 28, 1997
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

| nues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Restaurant sales \$ | 80,550 | \$ | 63,645 | \$ | 236,417 | \$ | 180,114 |
| Franchise royalties | 8,083 |  | 5,971 |  | 23,529 |  | 17,274 |
| Franchise and development fees | 1,545 |  | 1,149 |  | 3,957 |  | 3,774 |
| Commissary sales | 64,574 |  | 46,466 |  | 184,130 |  | 133,355 |
| Equipment and other sales | 11,676 |  | 11,021 |  | 33,596 |  | 29,590 |
| Total revenues | 166,428 |  | 128,252 |  | 481,629 |  | 364,107 |
| Costs and expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restaurant expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales | 21,664 |  | 16,644 |  | 62,502 |  | 47,398 |
| Salaries and benefits | 21,578 |  | 17,016 |  | 63,440 |  | 48,705 |
| Advertising and related costs | 6,776 |  | 6,058 |  | 20,730 |  | 16,759 |
| Occupancy costs | 4,268 |  | 3,493 |  | 11,605 |  | 9,200 |
| Other operating expenses | 10,517 |  | 8,503 |  | 31, 075 |  | 24,408 |
|  | 64,803 |  | 51,714 |  | 189,352 |  | 146,470 |
| Commissary, equipment and other expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales | 60,081 |  | 44,524 |  | 170,420 |  | 126,672 |
| Salaries and benefits | 4,327 |  | 3,248 |  | 12,299 |  | 9,463 |
| Other operating expenses | 5,574 |  | 4,611 |  | 16,064 |  | 13,143 |
|  | 69,982 |  | 52,383 |  | 198,783 |  | 149,278 |
| General and administrative expenses | 11,474 |  | 9,160 |  | 34,781 |  | 26,990 |
| Depreciation | 4,513 |  | 3,549 |  | 12,763 |  | 9,455 |
| Amortization | 1,821 |  | 1,749 |  | 5,490 |  | 4,635 |
| Total costs and expenses | 152,593 |  | 118,555 |  | 441,169 |  | 336,828 |
| Operating income | 13,835 |  | 9,697 |  | 40,460 |  | 27,279 |
| Other income (expense): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment income | 1,123 |  | 1,175 |  | 3,364 |  | 3,399 |
| Other, net | 266 |  | 8 |  | (549) |  | (808) |
| Income before income taxes | 15,224 |  | 10,880 |  | 43,275 |  | 29,870 |
| Income tax expense | 5,633 |  | 4,026 |  | 16,012 |  | 11,052 |
| Net income \$ | 9,591 | \$ | 6,854 | \$ | 27,263 | \$ | 18,818 |
| Basic earnings per share \$ | 0.33 | \$ | 0.24 | \$ | 0.93 | \$ | 0.65 |
| Diluted earnings per share \$ | 0.32 | \$ | 0.23 | \$ | 0.90 | \$ | 0.64 |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 29,507 |  | 28,972 |  | 29,345 |  | 28,872 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 30,260 |  | 29,754 |  | 30,267 |  | 29,557 |

See accompanying notes.

Papa John's International, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)
(In thousands $)$

See accompanying notes


See accompanying notes.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

September 27, 1998

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form $10-Q$ and Article 10 of Regulation $S-X$. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 27, 1998. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Papa John's International, Inc. Annual Report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year ended December 28, 1997.

## 2. Advertising and Related Costs

Advertising and related costs include the costs of Company-owned restaurant activities such as mail coupons, door hangers and promotional items and, through December 28, 1997, Company-owned restaurant contributions to the Papa John's Marketing Fund, Inc. (the "Marketing Fund") and local market cooperative advertising funds as incurred. Contributions by Company-owned and franchised restaurants to the Marketing Fund and the cooperative advertising funds are based on an established percentage of monthly restaurant revenues. The Marketing Fund is responsible for developing and conducting marketing and advertising for the Papa John's system. The local market cooperative advertising funds are responsible for developing and conducting advertising activities in a specific market, including the placement of electronic and print materials developed by the Marketing Fund. Such funds are accounted for separately and are not included in our consolidated financial statements, except as described below beginning with the first quarter of 1998.

Effective December 29, 1997, we began recognizing Company-owned restaurant contributions to the Marketing Fund and to those local market cooperative advertising funds deemed to be controlled by us (collectively, the "Controlled Funds"), as advertising and related costs at the time the Controlled Funds actually incurred such expenses. Through December 28, 1997, the Controlled Funds generally incurred expenses as contributions were received; therefore, the impact of this change was not material.

## 3. Accounting Pronouncement

In May 1998, the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statement of Position 98-5, "Reporting on the Costs of Start-up Activities" (the "SOP"), which will require adoption at or before the beginning of 1999. Our initial application of the SOP will require the write-off of deferred pre-opening costs as of the date of adoption, and such write-off will be reported, on a net of tax basis, as the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. We do not expect the adoption of the SOP to materially impact future operating income. Deferred preopening costs as of September 27, 1998, amounted to $\$ 3.0$ million.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Restaurant Progression


## Results of Operations

Revenues. Total revenues increased $29.8 \%$ to $\$ 166.4$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 128.3$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and $32.3 \%$ to $\$ 481.6$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from \$364.1 million for the comparable period in 1997.

Restaurant sales increased $26.6 \%$ to $\$ 80.6$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 63.6$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and 31.3\% to $\$ 236.4$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 180.1$ million for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily due to increases of $20.5 \%$ and $24.1 \%$ in the number of equivalent Company-owned restaurants open during the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998, respectively, compared to the same periods in the prior year. "Equivalent restaurants" represent the number of restaurants open at the beginning of a given period, adjusted for restaurants opened, acquired, closed or sold during the period on a weighted average basis. Also, sales increased $8.1 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, over the comparable period in 1997, and 9.1\% for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, over the comparable period in 1997, for Company-owned restaurants open throughout both periods.

Franchise royalties increased $35.4 \%$ to $\$ 8.1$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 6.0$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and $36.2 \%$ to $\$ 23.5$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 17.3$ million for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily due to increases of $26.4 \%$ and $28.1 \%$ in the number of equivalent franchised restaurants open during the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998, respectively, compared to the same periods in the prior year. Also, sales increased 10.2\% for the three months ended September 27, 1998, over the comparable period in 1997, and $9.8 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, over the comparable period in 1997, for franchised restaurants open throughout both periods.

Franchise and development fees increased $34.5 \%$ to $\$ 1.5$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 1.1$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and $4.8 \%$ to $\$ 4.0$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 3.8$ million for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily due to 78 and 218 franchised restaurants opened during the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998, versus 64 and 206 opened during the comparable period in 1997, and the nature and mix of development agreements under which the restaurants were opened. The average dollar amount of fees per franchised restaurant opening may vary from period to period, as restaurants opened pursuant to older development agreements and certain "Hometown restaurants"
generally have lower required fees than restaurants opened pursuant
to more recent development agreements. "Hometown restaurants" are located in smaller markets, generally markets with less than 9,000 households.

Commissary sales increased $39.0 \%$ to $\$ 64.6$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 46.5$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and $38.1 \%$ to $\$ 184.1$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 133.4$ million for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily the result of the increases in equivalent franchised restaurants and comparable sales for franchised restaurants previously noted.

Equipment and other sales increased $5.9 \%$ to $\$ 11.7$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 11.0$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and $13.5 \%$ to $\$ 33.6$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998 from $\$ 29.6$ million for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily the result of the previously noted increase in equivalent franchised restaurants and sales of the Papa John's PROFIT System, a proprietary point of sale system, and related PROFIT support services to franchisees.

Costs and Expenses. Restaurant cost of sales, which consists of food, beverage and paper costs, increased as a percentage of restaurant sales to $26.9 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $26.2 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, and increased to $26.4 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $26.3 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997. These increases were primarily due to increases in the average cheese block market prices, partially offset by a decrease in the average cost of certain other commodities. Cheese, representing approximately $40 \%$ of food cost, and other commodities are subject to seasonal fluctuations, weather, demand and other factors. Most of the factors affecting the cost of cheese are beyond our control.

Restaurant salaries and benefits as a percentage of restaurant sales increased to $26.8 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $26.7 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, and decreased to $26.8 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $27.0 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, as a result of certain efficiencies gained on a higher sales base, partially offset by an increase in the federal minimum wage in September 1997. Occupancy costs as a percentage of restaurant sales decreased to $5.3 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $5.5 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, and decreased to $4.9 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from 5.1\% for the comparable period in 1997, as a result of leveraging against a higher sales base.

Advertising and related costs decreased to $8.4 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from 9.5\% for the comparable period in 1997, and decreased to $8.8 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $9.3 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997. Advertising and related costs were managed to lower levels during the three months ended September 27, 1998, in anticipation of increased levels of spending in connection with a national advertising campaign beginning in October 1998. Our advertising often varies based on the timing of national or market-level promotions.

Other restaurant operating expenses decreased as a percentage of restaurant sales to $13.1 \%$ for the three months ended September 27 , 1998 , from $13.4 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, and decreased as a percentage of restaurant sales to 13.1\% for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $13.6 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997. Other operating expenses include an allocation of commissary operating expenses equal to $3 \%$ of Company-owned restaurant sales in order to assess a portion of the costs of dough production and food and equipment purchasing and storage to Company-owned restaurants. The decrease in other operating expenses as a percentage of restaurant sales was primarily due to a reduction in delivery costs and lower worker's compensation costs.

Commissary, equipment and other expenses include cost of sales, salaries and benefits, and other operating expenses associated with sales of food, paper, equipment, information systems, and printing and promotional items to franchisees and other customers. Overall, these costs increased as a percentage of combined commissary sales and equipment and other sales to $91.8 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, as compared to $91.1 \%$ for the same period in 1997, and decreased to $91.3 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from 91.6\% for the comparable period in 1997.

Cost of sales as a percentage of combined commissary sales and equipment and other sales increased to $78.8 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $77.5 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997 and increased to $78.3 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, as compared to $77.7 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997, due to higher cheese prices partially offset by the mix of commissary sales to equipment and other sales which have a higher margin.

Salaries and benefits as a percentage of combined commissary sales and equipment and other sales were relatively consistent at $5.7 \%$ for the three months ended September 27, 1998, as compared to $5.6 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997 and $5.6 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, as compared to $5.8 \%$ for the comparable period in 1997. Other operating expenses decreased to $7.3 \%$ for the three months ended and $7.4 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $8.0 \%$ and $8.1 \%$ for the comparable periods in 1997. These decreases were due primarily to lower costs related to the opening of one commissary facility in 1998, as compared to two commissary facilities in 1997.

General and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenues decreased slightly to 6.9\% for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from 7.1\% for the comparable period in 1997, and decreased to $7.2 \%$ for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from 7.4\% for the comparable period in 1997.

Depreciation and amortization were relatively consistent as a percentage of total revenues at $3.8 \%$, for the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998, as compared to $4.1 \%$ and $3.9 \%$ for the comparable periods in 1997.

Investment Income. Investment income decreased to $\$ 1.1$ million for the three months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 1.2$ million for the comparable period in 1997, and remained consistent at $\$ 3.4$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, and the comparable period in 1997 due to relatively consistent invested balances and yields.

Income Tax Expense. Income tax expense reflects a combined federal, state and local effective tax rate of $37 \%$ for the three and nine months ended September 27, 1998 and September 28, 1997, representing statutory rates applied to pre-tax income as adjusted by the impact of tax-exempt investment income and other items.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We require capital primarily for the development and acquisition of restaurants, the addition of new commissary and support services facilities and equipment, the enhancement of corporate systems and facilities, and the funding of franchisee loans. Capital expenditures of $\$ 52.1$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, were primarily funded by cash flow from operations.

Cash flow from operations increased to $\$ 50.3$ million for the nine months ended September 27, 1998, from $\$ 32.8$ million for the comparable period in 1997, due primarily to the higher level of net income for the first nine months of 1998 and changes in working capital.

In addition to restaurant development and potential acquisitions, significant capital projects for the next 12 months are expected to include the development of a full-service commissary in Dallas, Texas. In early-1999, we also expect to open a 240,000 square foot facility in Louisville, Kentucky, approximately $40 \%$ of which will accommodate relocation and expansion of the Louisville commissary operations and Novel Approach promotional division, and the remainder of which will accommodate relocation and consolidation of corporate offices.

We have been approved to receive up to $\$ 21.0$ million in incentives under the Kentucky Jobs Development Act in connection with the relocation of the corporate offices. Based upon the expected timing of completion of the facility, we expect to earn approximately $\$ 14.0$ million of such incentives through 2007.

Additionally, during the remainder of 1998 we expect to fund up to $\$ 2.4$ million in additional loans under existing franchisee loan program commitments.
Approximately $\$ 12.6$ million was outstanding under this program as of September 27, 1998. We do not currently expect to significantly expand the program beyond existing commitments.

Capital resources available at September 27, 1998, include $\$ 29.7$ million of cash and cash equivalents, $\$ 51.0$ million of investments and $\$ 8.2$ million under a line of credit expiring in June 1999. We expect to fund planned capital expenditures for the next twelve months from these resources and operating cash flows.

## Impact of Year 2000

Some of our older purchased software programs were written using two digits rather than four to define the applicable year. As a result, time-sensitive software or hardware recognizes a date using "00" as the year 1900 rather than the year 2000. This could cause a system failure or miscalculations resulting in disruptions of important administrative processes, including, among other things, a temporary inability to process transactions, send invoices, or engage in similar normal business activities.

We have completed an assessment of our computer systems and will have to modify or replace certain software and hardware so that they will function properly in the year 2000 and thereafter. Based on our assessment or representations from software suppliers, or both, we believe the total Year 2000 project cost is immaterial to our financial position, net income and liquidity. Much of the cost related to Year 2000 coincides with existing management plans to replace certain systems (principally the financial accounting system) in order to accommodate our planned growth.

About 50\% of the new accounting system has been implemented and the remaining portion is expected to be implemented by June 1999. The timing of implementation was not materially affected by Year 2000 concerns.

We believe that with the planned modifications to existing software and/or conversion to new software and hardware as described above, the Year 2000 issue will not pose significant operational problems. However, if such modifications and conversions are not made, or are not completed timely, the Year 2000 issue could have a material impact on certain administrative processes.

We are in the process of querying our significant vendors with respect to Year 2000 issues. Based on the responses received from approximately $75 \%$ of the vendors, we are not aware of any vendors with a Year 2000 issue that would materially impact results of operations, liquidity, or capital resources. However, we have no means of ensuring that vendors will be Year 2000 ready. The inability of vendors to complete their Year 2000 resolution process in a timely fashion could materially impact us, although the actual impact of non-compliance by vendors is not determinable. We expect to complete the vendor querying process by March 1999.

Item 1. Legal Proceedings
We are subject to claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of our business. We believe that all such claims and actions currently pending against us are either adequately covered by insurance or would not have a material adverse effect on us if decided in a manner unfavorable to us.

On August 12, 1998, Pizza Hut, Inc. filed suit in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas under the federal Lanham Act (the "Lawsuit") claiming, among other things, that we engaged in acts of unfair competition through dissemination of "false, misleading and disparaging advertising", including without limitation, the use of our "Better Ingredients. Better Pizza." trademark. Pizza Hut is seeking, injunctive relief and damages in an amount of not less than $\$ 12.5$ million, attorneys' fees, as well as other relief. We have also filed a counterclaim against Pizza Hut (the "Counterclaim") claiming the Lawsuit was filed primarily, if not solely, as a competitive ploy. We have asked the court for an award of our reasonable attorneys' fees, as well as for other relief to which we may be entitled. This Lawsuit and Counterclaim is in the early stages of pleading and discovery. A trial has been scheduled for October 25, 1999. We do not believe the Lawsuit has merit and intend to vigorously defend the claims asserted against us.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.
a. Exhibits

Exhibit
Number
Description

11
Calculation of Earnings Per Share
27 Financial Data Schedule which is submitted electronically to the Securities and Exchange Commission for information only and not deemed to be filed with the Commission.
99.1

Cautionary Statements. Exhibit 99.1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 28, 1997 (Commission File No. 0-21660) is incorporated herein by reference.
b. Current Reports on Form 8-K.

There were no reports filed on Form 8-K during the quarterly period ended September 27, 1998.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PAPA JOHN'S INTERNATIONAL, INC.
(Registrant)
/s/ E. Drucilla Milby
E. Drucilla Milby, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended September 27, 1998 September 28, 1997 September 27, 1998 September 28, 1997
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

Basic Earnings per Share:

| Net income | \$ 9,591 | \$ 6,854 | \$27,263 | \$18,818 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | 29,507 | 28,972 | 29,345 | 28,872 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.33 | \$ 0.24 | \$ 0.93 | \$ 0.65 |
| Diluted Earnings per Share: |  |  |  |  |
| Net income | \$ 9,591 | \$ 6,854 | \$27,263 | \$18,818 |
| Weighted average shares outstanding | 29,507 | 28,972 | 29,345 | 28,872 |
| Dilutive effect of outstanding common stock options | 753 | 782 | 922 | 685 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | 30,260 | 29,754 | 30,267 | 29,557 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.32 | \$ 0.23 | \$ 0.90 | \$ 0.64 |

## 9-MOS

DEC-27-1998 DEC-29-1997

SEP-27-1998
29,663
15,966
9, $\stackrel{\ominus}{105}$
60, 332
202,204
44, 717
304,498
43, 531
1,130
$0 \quad 0$
249, 413
304,498
$\begin{array}{cc}481,629 & 454,143 \\ 388,135 & 232,922\end{array}$
50, 219
0
43, 275
16,012
27, 263
${ }_{0} 0$

27, 263
0.93
0.90

